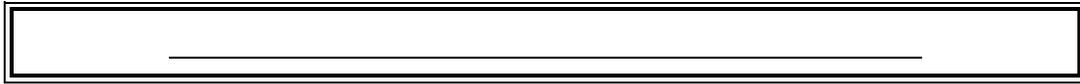


ندوة فهرسة مصادر الانترنت واستخدام معايير الميئاتانا ودبلن كور. المنظمة العربية للتنمية الإدارية، القاهرة، يوليو ٢٠٠٤.



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**Scholarly Publishing, Peer Review and the Internet**  
by Peter Roberts

*The Internet is arguably one of the most significant technological developments of the last 50th century. From its modest origins as a communications tool, where the use of networked computers was largely limited to a select group of institutional specialists in research institutions, the medium has expanded exponentially, with a consequent decline in the barriers to its use. As a result, the Internet has become a primary source of information for a wide range of public and private institutions. In the international academic community the arrival of the Internet has brought with it a new era of scholarly communication. The traditional print-based model of scholarly communication, where I believe such a phrase might be appropriate, namely, scholarly communication through the printed word, is being replaced by a new model, and one of the alternatives being explored is the use of electronic publishing. This paper examines the need for rigorous systems of peer review in scholarly work, and how these provide a means of ensuring its integrity.*

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The International Journal of Electronic Publishing  
The International Journal of Electronic Publishing  
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**Layered Internet**

As a burgeoning literature, much of it available in electronic form, has led the implications of new information technologies for reading, writing and publishing. In the past, the emergence of the digital text in the form of hypertext, in the early 1980s, led to the development of the World Wide Web. The first hypertext browser was developed by the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) in 1990, and the first commercial browser, Mosaic, was developed by the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign in 1993. The first hypertext browser to be widely used was Netscape, developed by Netscape Communications Corporation in 1994. The first hypertext browser to be widely used was Netscape, developed by Netscape Communications Corporation in 1994. The first hypertext browser to be widely used was Netscape, developed by Netscape Communications Corporation in 1994.

**The Internet is a 'sea of information', subject to the ebb and flow of various forces, creating an ever-shifting shoreline.**

As we enter the vast world of the Internet? There is an easy way to categorize the Internet as a 'sea of information'. The Internet is a vast, constantly shifting, and ever-changing landscape. The Internet is a 'sea of information', subject to the ebb and flow of various forces, creating an ever-shifting shoreline. The Internet is a vast, constantly shifting, and ever-changing landscape. The Internet is a 'sea of information', subject to the ebb and flow of various forces, creating an ever-shifting shoreline.

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ISI's Web of Science

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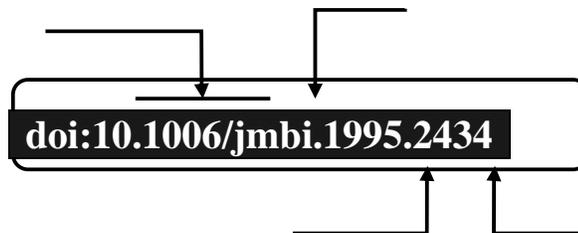
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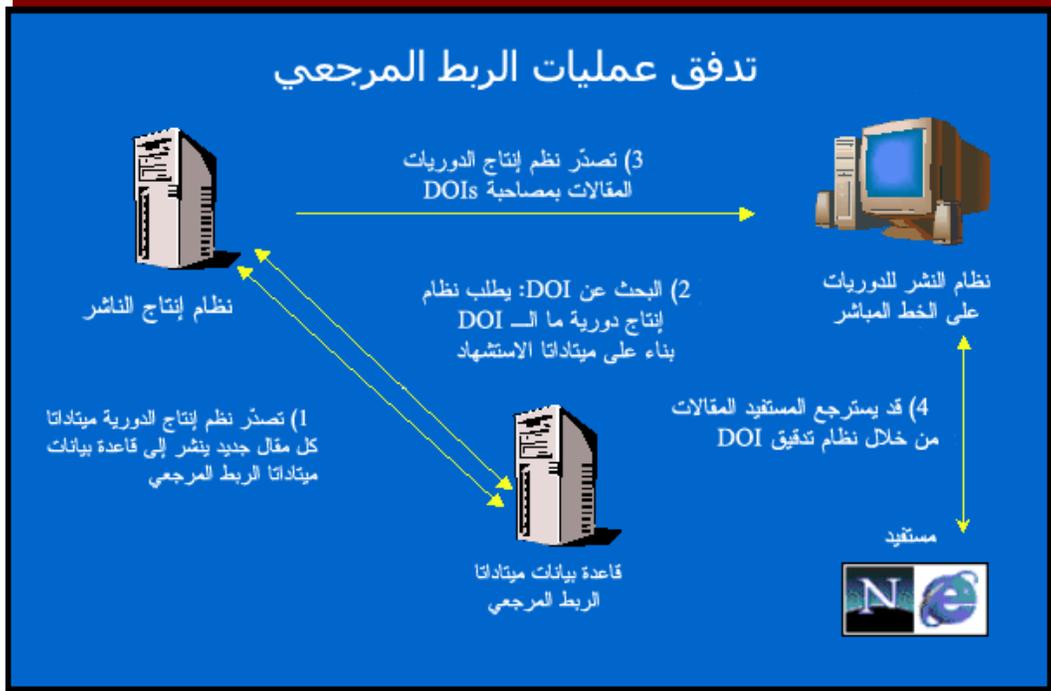
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<sup>18</sup> Brand, Amy . CrossRef Turns One.- D-Lib Magazine.- vol.7 , no.5 (May 2001).- [URL:<http://www.dlib.org/dlib/may01/brand/05brand.html>] [cited 7-08-2002]

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\* Brand, Amy . CrossRef Turns One.- D-Lib Magazine.- vol.7 , no.5 (May 2001).- [URL:<http://www.dlib.org/dlib/may01/brand/05brand.html>] [cited 7-08-2002]

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